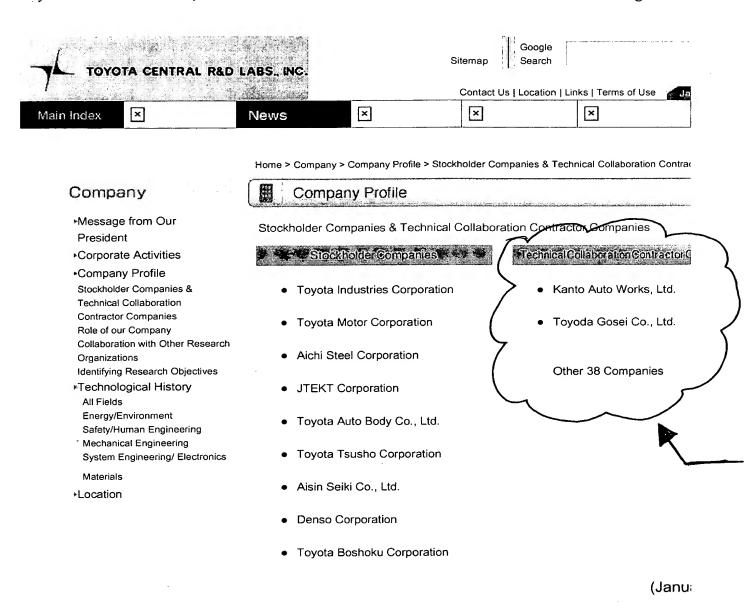
Toyota Central R&D Labs., Inc.

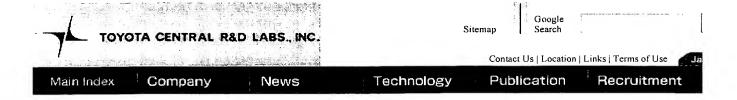
Page 1 of 1



HOME / JAPANESE / ENGLISH

Copyright (c)1997-2006 Toyota Central R&D Labs.

Toyota Central R&D Labs., Inc./System Engineering & Electronics



Home > Research Activities > System Engineering & Electronics > N

### Technology

- \* Research Activities
- ▶ Energy/Environment
- \*Safety/Human Engineering
- ▶ Mechanical Engineering
- System Engineering/ Electronics
- ▶ Materials

# □@ - System Engineering & Electronics

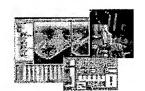
### Newest Technology



### Adaptive Reception Technique for Interference Cancella

We developed the mobile reception system for terrestrial broat In order to receive only the desired radio wave, the directional antennas is controlled adaptively.

(Partial joint research with Toyota Motor Corporation)



#### Mill Plan: Planning Software for the Machining of Mold

We have promoted the automation of CAM (Computer Aidec Manufacturing) by finding the most efficient mold and die mprocess using automated computer planning.



### Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor for Hybrid Vehicles (1

We developed the "IGBT-Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor", semiconductor power device technology.

This device was used for "Prius", the world's first mass-produvehicle.



### Self-Formation of Three-Dimensional Optical Circuit

We have developed a low-cost production technology for an interconnecting circuits that does not require a lens or a precipositioning process.

Using this technology, we are also working toward long-dista communications of 100 meters or more utilizing an LED ligh (Joint research with Toyoda Gosei Co., LTD)

# BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Toyota Central R&D Labs., Inc./System Engineering & Electronics

Page 2 of 2

HOME / JAPANESE / ENGLISH

Copyright (c)1997-2006 Toyota Central R&D Labs., Inc. All ri

## **BEST AVAILABLE COPY**

# Self-Formation of Three-Dimensional Optical Circuit



To develop a low-cost production technology for an optical interconnecting circuits that does not require a lens or a precision positioning process.

Using this technology, we are also working toward long-distance communications of 100 meters or more utilizing an LED light source.

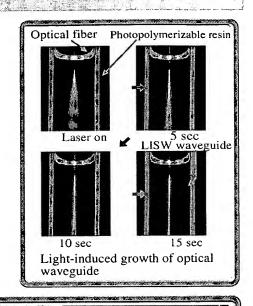
### Principle

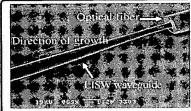
Using the outgoing light from the optical fiber to polymerize the photopolymerizable resin, utilize a phenomenon\* which automatically forms the three-dimensional optical circuit (waveguide).

\* Light-Induced Self-Written (LISW) waveguide

## **Characteristics**

- Three-dimensional growth is possible using various filters and/or mirrors
- Passive alignment made possible through integrated forming with casing
- Low propagation loss (<1.0 dB/cm)
- Applicable to wide range of optical fiber diameters (50-1000 μm)

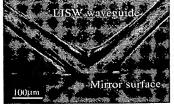




A. Taper portion of optical fiber



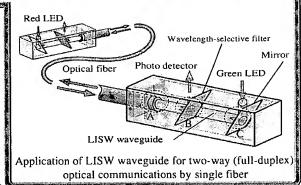
B. Regrowth from rear of transparent filter



C. Reflection on mirror surface

## Application

- Two-way optical communication by single fiber
- Wavelength-multiplexing optical communication
- Optical networks in automobiles and homes
- High speed optical networks in offices and factories



● Joint research with Toyota Gosei Co..LTD

TOYOTA CENTRAL R&D LABS., INC.
Copyright (C) 2002 Toyota Central R&D Labs., Inc.